Agents of Change: Civic Engagement, Past and Present

Description:
This seminar explores the stories of civic leaders, civic participation, and civil disobedience across diverse perspectives in eighteenth-century Virginia. Participants will engage with historical interpreters, analyze primary sources, and gain teaching strategies that connect the past to the present in meaningful ways to inspire civic action.

Objectives:
As a result of this seminar, teachers will be able to:
- Understand stories of civic stakeholders, civic participation, and civil disobedience across diverse perspectives in eighteenth-century Virginia.
- Plan and implement civics-based activities and projects that connect the past to the present and lead students to informed action and civic participation.
- Navigate with greater ability the various online archives that provide primary sources, including Colonial Williamsburg online repositories and those of other reputable institutions

Compelling Question:
How can I be an agent of change?
Sunday
Arrival/Travel Day

4:00–6:30 p.m. Arrival and Check-in  Williamsburg Woodlands Hotel
Meet your Colonial Williamsburg Master Teacher and settle into your room. If you arrive before 5:00 p.m., you may want to eat dinner before Orientation. See the appendix for local dining options.

Many local dining locations are operating under restricted hours at this time. We recommend using a service like Door Dash for quick delivery of meals if you are pressed for time. https://www.doordash.com/

7:00 p.m. Orientation
Day 1: Monday  
Civics and Community

Supporting Questions:

- What did the eighteenth-century Williamsburg community look like?
- How was the term citizen defined in the eighteenth century?
- What roles existed in eighteenth-century Virginia government and who could participate?

7:00 a.m. Breakfast, drop-in

8:15 a.m. Travel by Bus to the Historic Area

8:30 a.m. Capitol Tour
Walk the halls where the colony’s representatives struggled with the British governor over the meaning of American liberty. Rediscover the founding principles of our government and your rights and responsibilities as citizens of a republic.

- Understand the government system as it existed in eighteenth-century Virginia.
- Identify similarities and differences between the British and colonial systems of government that led to tension and war.

9:15 a.m. Democracy and Founding Documents
Examine the founding documents, including the Virginia Declaration of Rights, the Declaration of Independence, and the U.S. Constitution. Did the men of government of the founding generation intend to create a democracy or something entirely new?

- Examine primary sources, including founding documents.
- Identify the political and social influences on the founding documents.

10:00 a.m. Orientation Walk to the Art Museums of Colonial Williamsburg
Introducing the town as the center of government and civic life, this walking tour connects public and private buildings to the people in town and their roles in the government.

- Identify the major places and players in the eighteenth-century Virginia government, both before and after the American Revolution.

11:00 a.m. Good Progress
Education means something to everyone, but can all agree on its value? As the first official school for free and enslaved Black children, the Williamsburg Bray School meant something different to every person who walked through its doors. Meet Ann Wager, teacher at the Williamsburg
Bray School, as she debates the nature of her school with Elizabeth DeRosario, a free woman of color.

- Identify the various roles children play in the Williamsburg community.
- Examine the roles of free and enslaved people of color in the Williamsburg community.
- Examine the role of the church in eighteenth-century education.

12:15 p.m.  Lunch

12:45 p.m.  Self-Guided Exploration of the Art Museums of Colonial Williamsburg

1:45 p.m.  Meet at Museum Entrance to Walk to the College of William and Mary

2:00 p.m.  Education Walking Tour
Join Sarah Thomas, Associate Director of The Lemon Project: A Journey of Reconciliation, to visit the Bray School, the Brafferton School, and various sites at the College of William and Mary.

The Lemon Project is a multifaceted and dynamic attempt to rectify wrongs perpetrated against African Americans by the College of William and Mary through action or inaction. An ongoing endeavor, this program will focus on contributing to and encouraging scholarship on the 300-year relationship between African Americans and the College of William and Mary and building bridges between the university and the city of Williamsburg and the Greater Tidewater area.

- Explore the role of education in community and civic activity in the eighteenth century.
- Learn about the various communities associated with each school.

3:30 p.m.  Break and Walk

4:00 p.m.  Master Teacher Application Session
Your Master Teacher shares strategies for bringing history to life in the classroom using experiences and materials gained from participating in the Teacher Institute. Work with other teachers to identify ways to use the Institute materials, content, and strategies in your classroom.

5:15 p.m.  Dinner
Day 2: Tuesday
Civic Engagement and Informed Action

Supporting Questions:
- How did people in the past engage with their government?
- What kinds of informed action did people of the past take part in?
- How could people of the past create positive change in their community?

7:00 a.m. Breakfast, drop-in

8:15 a.m. Travel by Bus to Classroom Location

8:30 a.m. Studying Primary Documents
Explore a variety of original eighteenth-century documents from Colonial Williamsburg’s Special Collections dealing with civics.

9:45 a.m. American Indian Encampment
During the eighteenth century, Cherokee delegations traveled to Williamsburg to negotiate trade agreements and alliances. Members of local tribes, such as the Nottoway and Pamunkey, also came to Williamsburg as students, peddlers of wares, and enlistees for Virginia forces in times of conflict.

10:45 a.m. Break and Walk

11:00 a.m. Teacher Collaboration
You know your students best. Work with other teachers to identify ways to use Teacher Institute materials, content, and strategies in your classroom.

11:30 a.m. Voucher Lunch and Self-Guided Exploration
Vouchers redeemable at the Raleigh Tavern Bakery, Chowning’s Cider Stand and Garden Bar.

1:00 p.m. Primary Sources in the Classroom
Explore different types of sources and gain numerous ways to utilize primary sources in the classroom.

2:00 p.m. Coffeehouse
Learn how people of the past engaged in civil discourse, planned civic action, and protested the actions of the British government.
- Identify ways in which eighteenth-century citizens engaged in civil discourse.
- Identify ways in which eighteenth-century citizens could petition, or protest, government decisions.
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<tr>
<td>3:15 p.m.</td>
<td>Group Photo</td>
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<td>5:15 p.m.</td>
<td>Dinner</td>
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<td>7:00 p.m.</td>
<td>Evening Program: Revolutionary Points of View</td>
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Day 3: Wednesday
Civil Disobedience and Forward Movements?

Supporting Questions:
- Is civil disobedience the same as civic action?
- What parallels can be drawn between civic action and civil disobedience in the eighteenth century and today?

7:00 a.m.  Breakfast, drop-in

7:45 a.m.  Travel by Bus to the Historic Area

8:00 a.m.  Stories of Civil Disobedience
What do we count as “civil disobedience?” Are disobedience and defiance the same thing? What happens when those fighting “the power” are aiding it through their actions? Join Kelly Brennan, Colonial Williamsburg Historian, to discuss how a group of misfits one-hundred years before the Revolution, a group of unfortunate New Englanders, and a feisty Scotsman complicate our understanding of “Civil Disobedience.”

9:30 a.m.  Resolved: An American Experiment
A thought-provoking and playful museum theater experience unfolds around you as our troupe of diverse actors explore the events of the 5th Virginia Convention. Become a part of the story as a Member of Parliament, a Burgess, or even Patrick Henry. Relive and examine the moment Virginia said yes to American Independence.

10:15 a.m.  Break and Walk

10:30 a.m.  The Role of the Militia
What was the role of a militia in the eighteenth-century community? Who participated and what were the requirements to do so? Learn about the events of April 20, 1775, when Virginia Royal Governor Lord Dunmore ordered the public gunpowder stores removed from the magazine. What actions did citizens take to oppose Lord Dunmore’s actions, and how did he respond?

11:30 a.m.  Banquet Lunch

12:00 p.m.  Civic Action Project Plan
Create a virtual submission/collaboration project to use throughout the year. What resources are needed to cultivate students’ curiosity? Plan the steps of a civic action project: investigation, preparation, action, reflection, demonstration, and evaluation.
12:30 p.m.  Teacher Collaboration
You know your students best. Work with other teachers to identify ways to use Teacher Institute materials, content, and strategies in your classroom.

1:15 p.m.  Self-Guided Exploration

3:00 p.m.  Meet at the Peyton Randolph House

3:15 p.m.  Freedom’s Paradox Walking Tour
Examine the evolution of slavery and how patriots like Peyton Randolph relied on it to build a city, a colony, and eventually, a nation. Explore the paradox of the institution of slavery and the movement for independence by looking at the experiences of free and enslaved members of the Randolph household.
  - Identify ways in which enslaved people exercised agency and civic action within the confines of the slave system.

4:15 p.m.  Break and Walk

4:30 p.m.  Freedom’s Paradox Debrief

5:00 p.m.  Donor Recognition

5:30 p.m.  Break and Walk

6:00 p.m.  Tavern Dinner
Day 4: Thursday
The Capitol Reimagined

Supporting Questions
- How has civic participation expanded since the Revolutionary period?
- How can we effect change today?
- How can we encourage our students to be agents of change?
- What populations continue to be or are being marginalized from the civic process?

7:00 a.m. Breakfast, drop-in

8:00 a.m. Travel by Bus to Richmond

9:30 a.m. State Capitol Tour
The Virginia Capitol building was designed in 1785 by Thomas Jefferson. The Virginia General Assembly first occupied the Capitol in 1788 and members of the Virginia executive and judicial branches moved into the building in 1789. It is the first American state capitol building designed after the Revolutionary War. The east wing (Virginia House of Delegates) and west wing (Senate) were opened in 1906 and remain in use by lawmakers today.

10:30 a.m. Chamber Presentation
This unique one-hour program invites teachers into the Senate or House Chambers to sit at legislators’ desks. After an explanation and discussion of the legislative process, participants engage in a mock session to debate and vote on a bill.

11:30 a.m. Break

12:00 p.m. Graduation
- Final reflections
- Credit information

12:30 p.m. Boxed Lunch

12:30 p.m. Departure